

Login name \_\_\_\_\_

## Quiz 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## CSE 131B

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Spring 2004

Student ID \_\_\_\_\_

1. Project I Semantic Type Checking. Consider the following Oberon code:

```
VAR i : INTEGER;  
VAR b : BOOLEAN;  
VAR r : REAL;
```

Example 1:

```
i := b + r;
```

How many errors (if any) would this statement generate? Describe the error(s) / error message(s) in general terms or why there are no errors. (3 points)

Example 2:

```
i := i + r;
```

How many errors (if any) would this statement generate? Describe the error(s) / error message(s) in general terms or why there are no errors. (3 points)

Example 3:

```
PROCEDURE P ( x : REAL; VAR y : INTEGER );  
BEGIN END P;  
  
BEGIN  
  P( r-i, b+i );  
END.
```

How many errors (if any) would this code generate? Describe the error(s) / error message(s) in general terms or why there are no errors. (6 points)

2. Consider the following Oberon pseudocode:

(15 points)

```
TYPE X = INTEGER;
TYPE Y = POINTER TO X;

VAR a, b : X;
VAR c    : INTEGER;
VAR d    : Y;
VAR e    : POINTER TO INTEGER;
VAR f    : Y;
```

Which variables are considered equivalent under strict name equivalence?

\_\_\_\_\_ group 1                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 2 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 3 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 4 (opt)

Which variables are considered equivalent under loose name equivalence?

\_\_\_\_\_ group 1                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 2 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 3 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 4 (opt)

Which variables are considered equivalent under structural equivalence?

\_\_\_\_\_ group 1                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 2 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 3 (opt)                      \_\_\_\_\_ group 4 (opt)

The C compiler uses \_\_\_\_\_ equivalence for all types except \_\_\_\_\_  
for which the C compiler uses \_\_\_\_\_ equivalence. (3 points – 1 point each)

What 4 operators in C or in our nano-Oberon implementation result in a modifiable l-value? (4 points)

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_

It seems we do not have an appropriate error message in ErrorMsg.java for an array declaration with a size that is not greater than zero. For example,

```
VAR a : ARRAY 0-10, 10 OF INTEGER;
```

What do you think we should do? \_\_\_\_\_ (1 point)

- A) Add a new error message in Check 10 Array Declaration for this
- B) Use an existing error message from Check 11 Array Usage about index out of bounds
- C) Just state we will not be testing this particular case

Majority rules!